

DEVASTATING STORM KILLS 100 AND INJURES GREAT MANY MORE

Epidemic of Tornadoes Leave Nothing But Death and Ruin in Wake

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS OF PROPERTY DESTROYED

People Flee, But to No Avail —Are Caught Like Rats in Trap

ATLANTA, Ga., April 30.—An epidemic of tornadoes swept through the South last night and today, leaving in their wake hundreds of mangled bodies and dismantled wrecks of property worth many millions. At least 100 persons are thought to be dead. An exact list of dead or an accurate estimate of monetary loss may not be completed for many days, but from all along the path of the storm come tales of fearful loss of life, whole towns and villages being completely wiped out. The storm wave seems to have had its origin in the north, and swept from the lake region south in an irregular fashion. At Franklin and in Hillsboro, Tenn., there was much loss of life. The latter town is said to be virtually destroyed, while at Centerville and adjoining villages the damage is reported as very heavy. Near Pulaski, the death list reached twelve and many were injured. The tornado followed the Cumberland valley, wrecking small towns and destroying farm houses. At Ellettsburg, eighteen houses were blown down. At Charleston, the storm swept over the Hiwassee river in the Tennessee valley, destroying much property. At Fayetteville three persons were killed. At Cuba, many farm houses were blown down and at Glenstone, not even a shed was left standing. Memphis reports a heavy loss from towns within a radius of 100 miles in three states. At Horn Lake, Miss., three lives were lost and the damage was very heavy. From neighboring towns come reports of men, women and children killed and homes wrecked. The tornado swept over into Arkansas and killed eight persons near Mammoth Springs, where it wrecked many buildings. Other points in Arkansas report heavy losses. Striking Alabama and heading southwesterly the hurricane continued its course of destruction to night. Huntsville reports a heavy loss of property with probably several persons killed. At Danville, Ala., the storm struck with terrific force. At Hartsville at least one is dead and many hurt. The storm still was raging late tonight. Wire connections between Atlanta, Chattanooga and Knoxville had ceased entirely. Three persons were killed by lightning at Milledge, Ga.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Death and destruction followed in the wake of a storm which swept over the middle west last night. In Chicago, many buildings were unroofed, homes were blown over and scores of people driven into the storm. Many narrowly escaped with their lives. At least twenty are known to be dead, including those killed at Grand Crossing, a suburb of Chicago.

At Summerville, Mo., the wind created havoc, two persons were killed and many were injured. The dead are:

MISS BELE DELUREY.
MRS. GEO. SMITH.

The storm was furious in the southern part of Illinois. At Texas City, near Cairo, four persons were killed and many seriously injured. The dead are:

EDWARD OVERTON.
MRS. OVERTON, her baby and a servant.

Great damage to property and crops was caused in Michigan on the east shore of Lake Michigan. Many vessels were imperiled. Dispatches from St. Marie, Mich., report that a steamer, the Corrigan line, was seen to sink at White Fish Bay. At Michigan City, Ind., on the south (Continued on Page Eight.)

SENATOR M'CUMBER SPEAKS ON TARIFF

Will Not Stand for Charges on Certain Necessities Pro- duced in United States.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—An extended speech by Senator McCumber favoring free lumber occupied several hours in the senate today. His remarks provoked an extended controversy among the advocates of a tariff on lumber.

Mr. McCumber said that while he was a thorough protectionist, he would not agree to a tariff on products such as coal, iron, ore, lumber and oil that are being exhausted and cannot be replaced.

Senator Aldrich reported on the committee on finance, additional amendments to the bill and the senate adopted a motion made by him that, until further notice, the senate shall meet at 11 o'clock daily.

BURNS AND HIS "GUM SHOE" ARTISTS PAY IS HELD UP

Calhoun, Questioning Sleuth's Authority Has His Salary Stopped

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—A restraining order was issued today by Superior Judge Stewart to prevent the city and county treasurer from paying salaries for April to Detective Sergeant William J. Burns and his assistants. The order is made returnable on May 8th. It was issued in a suit enjoining the payment of salaries which were filed by the attorneys of Patrick Calhoun and the United Railroads in connection with the raid recently made by Burns on the safes of the railroad company.

It is alleged in the complaint that there is no provision on the charter for the employment by the city of Burns and his assistants who are performing duties which belong to the police department.

HARGIS REFUSED A NEW TRIAL; WEEPS

IRVINE, Ky., April 30.—Beach Hargis was refused a new trial today and Judge Adams directed that Hargis be taken to the penitentiary at once to commence serving his sentence of life imprisonment. Hargis broke down and wept on hearing the decision of the court.

STATEHOOD NOW ASSURED

Hoval Smith and George Young Get Telegram Stat- Proposed Plans

Both Deny For Political Reasons, But Information is De-
clared to Be Authentic

(Special to Review.)
PHOENIX, April 30.—It was made known today that Hoval A. Smith and Geo. W. Young have both received telegrams within the last few hours from Washington to the effect that the last detail had been arranged for the admission of Arizona into the sisterhood of states at the short session of congress.

This information is to the further effect that the assistance and advice of those gentlemen has been asked in regard to some of the provisions of the bill. Both Young and Smith when seen denied emphatically that they had received such telegrams but their denials may have been made as soon as your correspondent struck the trail of this fact it was laid before one of the shrewdest Democrats in Arizona now in this city and his opinion asked as to the possibility of statehood in accordance therewith. He said: "While I am not in a position to say whether or not there is anything in the claims of the Republicans that they can and will deliver statehood within the next three or four months there is every reason to believe that they will if they use good judgment."

The Republican party is far from the condition of harmony which it boasts and statehood would unite the Republicans in a fight with the Democrats. Mr. Taft is tired of trying to please them with his appointments in addition to which the whole party stands discredited if they do not redeem their pledge of statehood. I believe there is a chance.

Very few people here know about these telegrams, but a sufficient number know to make the story absolutely authentic and within three days the question will be given to the Washington statehood for Arizona is assured at this session.

COURT FINES HEADS OF CORPORATIONS

Secretary and Treasurer of Lumber Company Sen- tenced to Year in Jail

PORTLAND, Ore., April 30.—Judge William H. Hunt, United States judge for Montana, who presided in the Oregon land fraud cases, arrived in Portland from Helena today and occupied the bench of the federal court.

His first official action was to sentence Hamilton Hendrick to thirteen months imprisonment on McNelly's island and to pay a fine of \$100. Win-
lock W. Steier, president of the Battle Creek Lumber, Livestock and Lumber company, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$2500. Hendricks was secretary and treasurer of the same company. The men were convicted in connection with the operations of the company in unlawfully enclosing 20,000 acres of the public domain in Wheeler county. Hendricks was granted time to appeal. Steier paid his fine.

CHICAGO LABOR CIRCLES ARE MUCH QUIETER.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Following an unusual agitation in labor circles of this city May Day brings a fairly clear horizon.

TARIFF MUST BE LOWERED, NOT INCREASED

Democrats May Have Major- ity in Congress if G. O. P. Don't Respect People

"DEAR PUBLIC" THE "GOAT" AS USUAL

Republicans Have Earned De- feat Claim Former Party Supporters

(Special to Review.)
(By Tav.)
WASHINGTON, April 30.—The congressional elections of 1910 will send a Democratic majority to the house of representatives. That is as certain as anything that far ahead can be. Even if the present tariff bill should be improved—which is an impossibility with the Aldrich-Wall street crowd in the saddle—the Republicans would still meet disaster in the congressional elections. The leaders of the Republican party made a deliberate, cold-blooded attempt to swindle the public through a series of "jokers" and were caught with the goods on. These men who drew up the jokers are in the position of men having been caught in the act of attempting to pass counterfeit money coined by themselves. Are they any the less guilty if they fail to succeed?

This was the statement made in a private conversation by Gilson Gardner, one of the best known Washington correspondents in the country. Gardner was an ardent supporter of the Roosevelt administration for eight years and was conceded the distinction of having stood in better favor with Colonel Roosevelt than any other member of the Washington corps of correspondents. Roosevelt apparently had the most complete confidence in Gardner, for it is known that he discussed his ambitions with the veteran correspondent with as much freedom as if the latter had been a member of his cabinet.

The Republican leaders have earned defeat at the coming congressional elections," said Gardner, "and they will get it. If other arguments were lacking, the results of unpopular tariff laws in the past are sufficient to support this position that the tariff bill about to be passed will defeat the Republican party. The history of tariff legislation is that it has never failed to defeat the party enacting it. The McKinley bill of 1890 may be cited as a striking illustration. In the congressional elections following the passage of that bill, the Republicans lost the house of congress at which the bill was passed the Republican majority in the house was swept away."

"When congress met in 1901 the Democratic representatives numbered 225 and the Republicans 88, while in the senate the Republican majority was reduced from 54 to 46."

"Charles Clark will be the speaker of the Sixty-second congress. This also is as certain as anything can be that is not actually existing. There will be little or no worthy opposition to Clark. He is the logical man. A process of solidification is beginning to take place in Democratic ranks. Income tax will be the principal factor in my opinion, toward reuniting the Democracy of all sections."

"Where will the principal gains in Democratic representatives be made? In the west and middle west. Congressmen that had a close shave in the last election will lose out at the coming elections through their allegiance to the Cannon-Aldrich crowd."

"Take Tawney of Minnesota. He received 29,464 votes to 17,693 for Andrew French, Democrat. Tawney fought Roosevelt, the fought reform in the civil service; he became notorious as Cannon's co-worker. In each of these instances his conduct has been offensive to his constituents. I predict he will not be returned."

"Several representatives that were elected on a platform came here to Washington and voted for Cannon. Kendall of Iowa will not return for this reason. He received 18,909 votes to 18,628 for Daniel W. Hamilton, Democrat. Hamilton was a member of the Sixtieth congress. His record is clean. If he runs against Kendall he will defeat him. Smith of Council Bluffs was elected on a platform (Continued on Page Eight.)

DEMENTED MAN RUNS AMUCK WITH RIFLE TERRORIZING PEOPLE

Posse of Fifty Chase Mexican Recently Discharged From Asylum

(Special to Review.)
TUCSON, Ariz., April 30.—Declaring that he wished to kill some one and was not particular who his victim should be, August Maguerla, a Pima county ranger, with a Winchester rifle in his hands, ran amuck here this morning.

Maguerla was released from the territorial asylum at Phoenix only two days ago supposedly cured of his dementia, but it is thought that his outbreak here this morning was caused by a recurrence of his mental disorder. Maguerla went on the war path in the northern part of the city and terrorized the neighborhoods of Fourth avenue, with his loud talk and the rifle which he brandished in a threatening manner. When he learned that his actions had been reported to the sheriff's office, and that he was liable to be captured at any minute, the mad started across the prairie in the direction of the racetrack, north of the city. He was followed by a posse of fifty people, composed of officers and residents of the district in which he had caused all the excitement. He was captured after a long chase, and is now in the county jail.

NOTHING DOING WITH SUDER

Says He Had No Knowledge of Any Bribery During Leg- islative Session

Telegraphed His Readiness To Appear Before the Mari- copa Grand Jury

"I had no knowledge or even intimation of any bribery, or attempted bribery, during the session of the twenty-first legislature, and why the grand jury issued a subpoena for me in connection with their recent investigation is more than I can tell."

These were the words of Hon. Fred Suter, who arrived in Bisbee yesterday from Tombstone, where he has been during the week attending to the interests of his clients, in court, having reached the county seat from Los Angeles last Monday. Continuing Mr. Suter said:

"The first I knew of any bribery investigation in Phoenix, or that I was wanted as a witness before the grand jury there, was when I read the stories which appeared in the newspapers."

"At once telegraphed to Sheriff Hayden, of Phoenix, advising him that I would come to Phoenix at once if it was desired. The reply came back that I was not wanted."

Mr. Suter was one of the most prominent members of the Pace bill and option bill and also led the legislative battle in favor of the segregation bill. It seems that the Maricopa county grand jury drew all their witnesses from among those who opposed the passage of the local option measure, except Kenn St. Charles, who it was supposed had been offered money to vote against the Pace bill.

Mr. Suter stated last night that he believed the members of the recent legislature had been governed by their individual consciences and the desires of their constituents, not only on the local option measures, but on all other measures coming before them.

BUSINESS SITUATION IS LOOKING BRIGHTER

Financiers Look With Optim- ism on Future—Conditions Better Than Last Year

NEW YORK, April 30.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Summed up, the situation may be said to be a current trade, wholesale and retail, better than last year, but disappointing as a whole. The tone of the future is still quite markedly optimistic. Reports from leading industries are rather better than for some time. Business doing and reports coming from the iron and steel trades are distinctly better.

Dun's tomorrow will say: Developments of the week are of special significance. One is the distinct improvement in the iron and steel trade, on which the whole commercial situation depends. The reduced prices have stimulated an active demand and will in turn brought about this week, lifting of prices on a number of products. The other development is the foreign commercial statement which reveals extraordinary important situations of crude materials for manufacturing purposes, a clear proof of reviving industry, while jobbers in cotton goods are doing a very moderate business locally. Trade in a number of western centers is satisfactory at the aggregate of transactions is fully up to normal.

NEW YORK WOMAN ELECTED PRESIDENT OF SUFFRAGETTES.

LONDON, April 30.—Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, of New York, was today elected president of the Women's International Suffrage Alliance. The suffrage papers of England report that the number of women elected to office in Ireland during the last twelve months has been gratifying to all advocates of equal suffrage. Five women were elected as urban, district and town councilors, forty-three women as rural district councilors, and as poor law guardians, 163 women.

TURKEY'S NEW SULTAN OPENS MOSQUE DOOR; CLOSED 26 YEARS

Royal Entrance of Famous Place of Worship Used For First Time in Ages

YOUNG TURK SHOWS DEMOCRATIC TENDENCIES

Rides Through Constantinople Plainly Dressed and With Few Servants

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30.—Mehmed V the new sultan of Turkey clad in a khaki uniform and accompanied by a suite of a half dozen officials of his household, drove through Constantinople to the mosque of St. Sophia today, where the sovereign prayed for nearly an hour. This simplicity is taken by the people as an evidence of the democratic tendencies of the new ruler. His majesty entered through the Sultan doors which had not been opened for 26 years, the last occasion being when Abdul Hamid took Rudolf, the crown prince of Austria, to the Mosque. The moment the sultan stepped out of his carriage onto the carpet leading to the building, a priest in a black robe cut the throats of two rams, and the sacrificial blood flowed at the feet of the new ruler.

WILL RECOGNIZE NEW RULE

Washington to Pay Prompt Heed to Present Sultan of Turkey

Bright Prospects For Country Under Regime of Young Turks

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Prompt recognition of Turkey by the new government of Turkey by the administration when official news of the order of things reaches Washington. The officials depended entirely on Associated Press dispatches, as Ambassador Leishman is evidently awaiting the formal announcement of the selection of the new sultan by the Turkish foreign office.

speculation is rife as to what will happen under the reorganized government, it being recognized that in the present condition nobody can predict what the outcome will be.

The universal opinion is that if the young Turks party is equal to the trust imposed, a new era with bright prospects is in store for Turkey. It is recognized that although the young Turks following is by comparison numerically small and that its administration will be beset constantly by the machinations of the reactionaries, yet by the selection of Mehmed Reschad Effendi, the party had gained prestige and will reap the benefits of the support of the Mohammedan religion. It is regarded as a wise step for the young Turks to bestow the honor upon Reschad for they have thus avoided the alienation of the family of the reigning house.

The personal qualities of the new sultan, which are well known to officials in Washington, are considered an important element to be reckoned with.

His incarceration for so many years has removed him from the suspicion of despotism, corruption and cruelty that attaches to his predecessor.

The opinion is expressed that with the new sultan on the throne, and with the young Turks party in full power, there will be rehabilitation of the relations with the countries of the world and opportunity offered for a more satisfactory treatment of the missionary question, which has been a troublesome one, due to the fanaticism of the followers of Islam, and on many occasions led to diplomatic representations to Turkey.

In many little things, which in the aggregate are considerable, the administration of the young Turks has been satisfactory to the state department. Annoyances affecting travelers in Turkey, irritating questions touching the Armenians, and those of nationalization, have disappeared, and other ways a more liberal application of the local and general laws has prevailed.

To American missionary interests in Turkey a new government, there based on liberal constitutional ideas, is considered important. Many of the newer elements are men of modern views, educated in the universities of Europe and America, and imbued with ideas far in advance of those held by Sultan Abdul Hamid.

According to a prominent diplomat, warning Turkey is not in a position warranting the establishment of a full-fledged republic and better results may be obtained by a continuation of the present form of government, with an intelligent, conscientious, honest man at the helm of state.

The view is expressed that it was a sensible decision adopted by the government in not putting Abdul Hamid to death. To execute him would have been a role of barbarism, which the young Turks have thus far happily avoided.

By their decision they have raised themselves in the public estimation, and constitutional government has had a practical demonstration in that human life has not been taken without trial.

HEARST PAPER CHIEF OF CRIMINAL LIBEL

NEW YORK, April 30.—A verdict of guilty of criminal libel was rendered today against the publishers of the New York American by the jury in the trial charging the publication of an article libeling John D. Rockefeller.

PHOENIX MAN IS SELECTED FOR BENCH

Ernest Lewis Appointed to Succeed Judge Nave of Globe

(Special to Review.)
WASHINGTON, April 30.—The nomination of Ernest Lewis of Phoenix as judge, as successor to Judge Nave at Globe, was sent to the senate today.

Delegate Cameron said that he was pleased with the selection of Lewis and believed the appointment will be well received by the party and others in the territory. Mr. Lewis was endorsed by the chairman of the Republican territorial committee and a number of the business men and members of the bar. The appointment of a judge to succeed Governor Sloan is expected to be made next week.